

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME TWELVE.

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, DEC. 10, 1931

Whole No. 584

Stony Plain, Dec. 7th, 1931.

NOTICE!

To the Ratepayers of Inga M.D.:

Less than one week remains in which to pay your Municipal Taxes before the 5% Penalty is added.

This Municipality will be taking steps to enforce collection of all Taxes in Arrears which remain unpaid after Dec. 31st, 1931.

E. H. PIDGEON,
Secretary-Treasurer,
Inga Municipal District No. 520

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

(Phone 33)

MEALS AT ALL HOURS. CONFECTIONERY.

Now in Stock—Fresh Pack Boxes of Chocolates from 15c. and up.

EGGS WANTED—BEST PRICES PAID.

FULL STOCK OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

SOFT DRINKS, 5 CENTS. All Flavors.

MILK SHAKES. MALTED MILK DRINKS.

Gift
Suggestions



FROM THE

Stony Plain Pharmacy.

Fancy Box Stationery
Perfumes

Fresh Boxed Chocolates
Leather Traveling Cases
Compacts in gold
or silver

Pen and Pencil Sets

Leather Billfolds

Pipes

Gillet Razors

Gilt Edge Playing Cards

Stationery for Men.

Tobacco Pouches

Give Your Family a VICTOR RADIO---We have them at \$89.50, 8 tubes, and at \$122.50, 8 tubes.

CHRISTMAS DECORATIONS---Candles, Seals,

Stickers, Cards, Fancy Colored

Wrapping Paper and Cords.

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J. F. CLARKE,

THE REXALL STORE, Stony Plain.

Hoffman-Bauer

The event of the season at the Glory Hills district took place on Sunday afternoon last, when Miss Paulina Bauer (daughter of Mr and Mrs John Bauer) was married to Mr Otto Hoffman, of Glory Hills district.

The ceremony took place at the Glory Hills Reform Church, and was performed by Pastor C H Reppert.

After signing the register was completed, the bridal party, accompanied by several hundred invited guests, motored to the residence of the bride's grandparents, Mr and Mrs Nick Bauer Sr., where preparations had been made on an exceptionally large scale for the feasters.

After hearty meals had been stowed away, the guests engaged in dancing and other amusements.

On returning from their honeymoon, the Newlyweds will take up their residence on the Nick Bauer Sr. premises, as the elderly couple, who held a sale last week, are leaving for Vancouver, to reside.

Mr Hoffman arrived here from the Old Country several years ago, and up till the present time had been employed on the John Bauer farm.

Visitors to the Show.

Among those coming from a distance to attend the performance in Moose Hall on Friday were noticed:

Mr and Mrs R C Howat, Carvel, Mr and Mrs Bill Taylor, Duffield, Miss Davies and Miss Schram, Wabamun.

Mr and Mrs R N Sherwin, Mr and Mrs J F Forbes, Mrs James Elder, Mr and Mrs W J Connolly of Spruce Grove.

Dr and Mrs H A Wood, Miss Mabelle Clarke, Mr Whitton, Miss H Manhard, Mr J Moray, of Edmonton.

Mr Price, Calgary.

The New Blacksmiths.

The smithy on Second St. formerly operated by Mr Albert Wurtz, has been sold by him to a new firm, Messrs George & Kovacs. The new men are capable and energetic, and promise a guaranty with all their work as general blacksmiths and farriers. The firm intends to extend the premises and install some new machinery.

Sporting Notes

The opening game of the hockey season took place on Sunday afternoon last, when the good hockey team from Evansburg, motored to Stony and engaged Stony's Seniors. Some good plays were seen, but the visitors proved to be too good for the localites and succeeded in winning by the score of 3 goals to 2. One local player met with an accident, when "Sparks," of the Light Brigade, was knocked out and had to be carried to the dressing room.



Hardwick's, SANTA CLAUS' HEADQUARTERS

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Holiday Goods, in Splendid Assortment, Suitable for Christmas Gifts, Now on Display.

Our Store Is Fairly Teeming with Seasonable Merchandise and Suitable Gifts.

+++ ++

Ladies' Gift Suggestions:

Boxed Handkerchiefs, Towel Sets, Papetries, Hand Bags, Score Cards, Bridge Scores, Vanity Sets, Fancy China, Jewel Cases, Silk Stockings, Sweaters, Lingerie, Linen Sets, Rayon Bedspreads, Gloves.

Men's Department:

Traveling Sets, Pipes, Pouches, Mufflers, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Boxed Ties, Dress Sox, Garter and Suspender Sets, Sweaters, Gloves, etc.

For the Young Folks:

Building Sets, Tea Sets, Games, Toy Books, Girls' and Boys' Books, Dolls, Trains, Mechanical Toys, Fire Trucks, Aeroplanes, Toy Pistols, Tinker Toys, a Table of 10c., 15c. & 25c. Toys, Christmas Tree Ornaments, Tinsel, Christmas Stockings, etc., etc.

You Save Time and Money by Shopping Early.
SHOP NOW!

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HARDWICK'S
YOUR GIFT SHOP.

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco
with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

Peace On Earth

As the Christian nations of the world again prepare to observe the anniversary of the birth of Christ the thoughts of their peoples are impressed anew with "the glad tidings of great joy" with which the herald angels announced the coming of the greatest event in the history of mankind, the precursor of "peace on earth, goodwill toward men." So it is as Christians approaches that we dwell upon thoughts of home, and peace, and friendship, and goodwill, and seek to banish from our minds old enmities and ill-will.

Nevertheless, to the future it will appear as if "peace on earth" is still a vision of the many, an ideal that may some day be realized, if and when the Christian nations of the world realize the inconsistency of their attitude in maintaining huge armaments where with to wage war upon each other.

Christmas with its thoughts and ideals of peace can be made to serve the great purpose this year, perhaps to a greater extent than ever before, of cultivating a "will to peace" among people in general. Until there is such a strongly ingrained will to peace, there will be, and can be, no permanent peace, no permanent security against the horrors and destruction of war.

There is in evidence in many quarters a tendency to sharply criticize and condemn the League of Nations as ineffective and timid in its handling of the crisis that developed between China and Japan in Manchuria. The League has always had its enemies, while others have been lukewarm in its support, often proving more of a handicap than a help to the League in its efforts for world betterment. In practically every impending crisis that has loomed upon the international horizon since the League was established, some newspapers and public men have denounced the League as a failure.

Yet the League has survived and has been the instrument through which more than one impending open conflict has been averted. Even in the present Manchurian crisis, notwithstanding the clashes which have taken place, can any fair and open-minded citizen doubt that, had there been no League of Nations, a sanguinary war would now be raging in Asia with all the dire probabilities that it would spread and engulf Europe and possibly provoke another world disaster.

The League is not perfect. It cannot always attain to its highest ideals. It cannot always achieve everything it desires. The difficulties which confront it, and the problems which it must solve, are prodigious. Even should it utterly fall on some one occasion to prevent war,—and such failure has not yet been recorded against it,—it would not necessarily mean the end of the League, nor that its efforts were wholly futile.

The League of Nations is the great clearing house, the arbitration court of the world's international difficulties. As such it is deserving of the support of all peace-loving people of all nations. Instead of being critical of its efforts and its achievements where they do not prove 100% efficient, all peace-loving people should be boosters and enthusiastic supporters. Destroy the League and the world would be thrown into chaos, with the one great restraining influence of an impartial international character removed, and the proponents of the gospel of force given a free hand to promote their evil designs.

As the world progresses towards greater enlightenment, to better understanding between all nations, to an abandonment of narrow nationalism in favour of true internationalism,—and the League is bending its efforts in these directions,—so, too, will the League itself grow and develop into an ever increasingly useful factor in world affairs and as an influence for peace. Something better than the League as at present constituted and governed will ultimately take its place when the nations are prepared to support that better organization. In the meantime every Canadian should be an ardent League of Nations supporter. They should demand that their Government continue to support the League actively, and do so in a moral way, an intellectual way, in a financial way.

And this year as we say, "Peace on earth, goodwill toward men" may we sincerely mean what we say, and may our song be a re-affirmation of our belief in and support of the one great peace organization that arose out of the war which we were told, and which we fondly hoped was true, was a war to end war.

Were Clever Surgeons

Swedish Doctors Performed Delicate Operations 3,000 Years Ago

An far back as 3,000 years ago delicate brain operations were performed by Swedish surgeons, according to Professor Otto Rydbeck, in Lund, the old university town of Southern Sweden. The professor stated that fourteen or fifteen skulls found in Swedish soil show marks of trepanations by Stone Age surgeons. In the parish of Skivard the skeleton of a man of 3,000 years ago, showed that he had been operated on to remove a purulent infection on the brain. The operation, which had not been performed by boring, but by scraping off the bone, had evidently been quite successful, since it was evident that the patient lived for many years afterwards.

California bakers have introduced bread from seaweed.

Children's Colds Best Treated Externally

Stop them overnight without "dosing"—rub on at bedtime

VICK'S
VAPORUB
OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

W. N. U. 1919

Eclipse Aided Columbus

Scared Natives Of Jamaica Into Supplying Needed Provisions

The eclipse of the moon on March 1, 1504, proved of much service to Christopher Columbus. Belong off the island of Jamaica, and short of provisions, which the islanders refused to supply, he threatened to punish them by depriving them of the moon's light. At first his threat was treated with indifference, but when the eclipse itself began the natives, terror-struck by the apparently supernatural powers of the great Spanish commander, immediately collected provisions for the fleet, and thereafter treated their visitors with profound respect.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is especially recommended for spider or infection of cow's teat. Invaluable also in cases of spavin, curbs, and splints.

Cannot Be Licked

A man may lose his business, his home, his stocks, his bonds, his real estate, his automobile and even his membership in a golf club, but if he does not lose his integrity and his courage and his determination to carry on, he is not and cannot be licked.

Sleigh and Auto

Ontario spends half a million dollars keeping its roads clear of snow in winter, and Quebec one-tenth that amount, says the St. Catharines Standard. The sleigh is still the chief mode of winter transportation in Quebec.

Demand For Graded Beef

Red Marking For Choice Grade and Blue For Good

Just over two years the Canadian Government Department of Agriculture introduced a policy under which choice or good beef sold by retail butchers could be identified by a red or blue indelible brand on every cut—the red for choice grade and blue for good. Only beef which has passed Federal inspection from a health standpoint can be branded. The sale of this quality beef has exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the promoters of the policy. Government officials began at the opening of 1931 to check up on the sale of the branded beef, after allowing a period of 15 months as an experimental stage. In January, 1931, the total number of pounds of red and blue branded beef sold was 87,000, by July the sales were nearly 2,000,000 pounds. It is estimated that 15,000,000 pounds of branded beef have been sold in Canada this year and more cattle have been sold in the Dominion for branded meat than have been exported to the British market.

Not all eligible beef is branded, the amount of branding done by various plants being more or less according to existing orders from the trade, and as well in part the expectation of demand during the following week or so. In this connection it is interesting to note that in recent months meat packers have quite often found themselves short on supplies, as a result of a strong steady pick-up in inquiry from the consumer.

In certain areas there are producers' organizations which have a definite policy with the production of beef eligible for branding as the main objective. The consumer preference for branded beef is being reflected back to the producer and is stimulating better feeding. The demand for suitable cattle has, throughout 1931, been a sustaining factor on the market, and in view of the fact that there will be a very liberal supply of cattle grain-fed during the coming winter it is likely that demand for graded beef will play an important part in the spring and summer markets.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

JELLIED CARROTS AND PEAS

- 1 package lemon-flavored gelatin.
- 1 cup boiling water.
- $\frac{1}{4}$ cup vegetable stock or cold water.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon salt.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon paprika.
- 1 cup cooked carrots, diced.
- 1 cup cooked peas.
- 3 tablespoons vinegar.

Dissolve gelatin in boiling water. Add vegetable stock, vinegar, salt, and paprika. Chill. When slightly thickened, fold in carrots and peas. Turn into molds. Chill until firm. Unmold on crisp lettuce. Garnish with mayonnaise. Serves 8.

RIBBON SANDWICHES

- Sandwich bread.
- Softened butter.
- Sweet pickle relish.
- Mayonnaise.
- Pimento cream cheese.

Slice bread in slices $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch thick. Spread first slice generously with softened butter, then with sweet pickle relish moistened with a little mayonnaise. Cover with a second slice of bread, buttered on both sides. Spread the second slice with mashed pimento cream cheese. Top with third slice of bread. Press slices firmly together. Remove crusts. Wrap in a damp cloth and place in refrigerator under a heavy weight for several hours. To serve slice very thin and serve immediately.

Makes Breathing Easy. The constriction of the air passages and the struggle for breath too familiar evidence of asthmatic trouble, cannot daunt Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This is the famous remedy which is known far and wide for its complete effectiveness even under severe conditions. It is no unorthodox experimental preparation, but one with many years of strong service behind it. Buy it from your nearest dealer.

Eleven plants in Canada produced in 1930 over 25,500,000 pounds of wire nails and spikes. The Dominion exported during the year 3,593,000 pounds of nails and imported 1,043,000 pounds.

National Research Council

Plans Made For Further Improvement of Canadian Wool

Attended by representatives of both manufacturers and producers of wool and delegates from various Canadian universities, the annual meeting of the National Research Council's associate committee on wool was concluded recently at Toronto. Marked by a general readiness to co-operate in solution of the problems facing the industry, the meeting authorized the continuation of plans for further improvement of Canadian wool.

Results from experiments designed to develop a type of sheep suited to western range conditions were deemed so satisfactory, the committee decided to assemble the wool from three of the four provinces, compare it with fleeces obtained from similar strains in other countries, and then follow it into a Canadian manufactured product.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA

The Christmas Seal Sale of the Canadian Tuberculosis Association, of which we are Patron and Patrons, has our warmest support.

The struggle against the spread of tuberculosis is one in which every good citizen is concerned, for there is no disease that is more deadly effects on the health of a nation; its prevention and its cure call for unceasing vigilance and expense. The Canadian Tuberculosis Association has played a noble part in this struggle, and evidence of its work may be seen in all parts of the Dominion. That work has brought health and strength to thousands and has averted from many other thousands, especially children, what is perhaps the most insidious of all the dangers to which the human race is exposed.

We ask those who can, to show their appreciation of what the Association is doing by helping this Christmas to make the result of the Christmas Seal Sale even more successful than it was last year.

Andrew *Paul*

Value Of Fish Meal

Use Is Steadily Increasing As A

Boston For Livestock
Dr. Frank T. Shutt, Dominion Chemist, in discussing the nutritive value of fish meal states, "The use of fish meals in the rations of all classes of live stock and especially in those for pigs and poultry is steadily increasing. These meals may, perhaps, be regarded primarily as sources of protein, but the fat, the mineral content and the iodine are also constituents of very considerable value in stock feeding." He points out also that edible fish meals must be made from fresh fish. The flesh of the fish is the most valuable source of protein, while the mineral content is highly valuable.

for
COLDS
BUCKLEY'S
MIXTURE
is Canada's standard remedy. It cures all other cough and cold preparations. BETTER—that's why—and DIFFERENT.
Acts Like a Flash
A SINGLE SIP PROMPTLY

Romance of Gold

Sketch of Development of Industry in British Columbia

In the lure of gold which took men past the narrow frontiers of a trading post colony, was the genesis of British Columbia's greatness. Dale J. Pitt, president of the Mining Association of British Columbia and general manager of the Premier mine, told the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Mining association of British Columbia. Developing his theme Mr. Dale took his audience back into the last century and showed how mining in British Columbia had led to opening up of new country, development of roads and railways.

Mr. Dale, following the mining industry from its inception in British Columbia, touched on some of the romance and pointed to the remarkable influence it had exercised, not only on the province, but on the Dominion. From the nugget found by an Indian woman on Queen Charlotte Islands, and the few coppers prospectors panned on the Thompson River, the industry rose through the placer era with all its romance, its wealth and its disappointments; thence to the development of lode mining with its building of mills and smelters and railroads. Next came the more recent days when science and skill manifested itself in the development of modern ore dressing, smelting and refining so that man could take from the earth nature's immense precious metals, and by its ingenuity, coupled with capital's ability to build huge plants, gave us wealth never dreamed of before.

An excellent protection against worms can be got in Miller's Worm Powders. They render the stomach and intestines untenable to them. They heal the surface that has been undermined by the draughts that the worms have made upon it, and their operation is altogether health-giving.

A British scientist estimates that an earthquake of just average size generates heat equal to that produced by burning more than 3,000 tons of coal.



Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh, delicious! Para-Sani keeps them from staling. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products
LIMITED
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Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

May Replace American Coal With Canadian Mine Products As Result of Exhaustive Tests

Results of widespread and exhaustive tests of Nova Scotia and British Columbia bituminous coal indicate the feasibility of replacing with the Canadian product a large tonnage of American coals at present utilized, it was stated by John McLeish, director of the mines' branch of the Dominion government. Mr. McLeish has just returned from the conference on bituminous coal held in Pittsburgh, Pa.

This subject received considerable attention from the Canadian delegates to the conference and the committee had the benefit of expert tests of representative samples of Nova Scotia and British Columbia soft coal. The tests were carried out in the low temperature carbonization retorts of the Illingworth company, in Pontyrrid, Wales; in the experimental laboratories of the research council in Ottawa; in the office of the Winnipeg Electric company, and of the Montreal Coke Manufacturing company.

All tests showed that a highly satisfactory domestic fuel could be produced in this manner. It was stated by Mr. McLeish, in this connection, that already about 60 per cent. of the total coal requirements of the Winnipeg Electric company are being obtained from Michel, B.C., while the Montreal company is trying out a large quantity of Nova Scotia coal.

The sessions in Pittsburgh also gave attention to the hydrogenation and liquefaction of coal. Mr. McLeish said that the research council had for some time been engaging the services of an engineer on small scale tests of the application of commercial high pressure hydrogenation technology to crude shale oil, bituminous sands, and low temperature coal tar oils of Canadian origin. It has already been proven, he said, that it was possible to produce motor fuel and gasoline from these substances.

Lord Reading's First Case

Was Lost Because Defendant Refused To Eat the Evidence

The Marquis of Reading began his career by losing his first important case in court.

He was briefed to defend a fruit merchant, sued by a street trader, who alleged that he had been sold a consignment of bad figs. Roused by Mr. Rufus Isaac's cross-examination, the plaintiff swept aside legal cobwebs and challenged "Try some of 'em yourself, then, and if they don't make you sick I'll give 'em."

The judge backed the suggestion, but Mr. Isaac murmured that the proper person to make the test was the defendant.

"What'll happen if I refuse?" whispered the merchant anxiously. "Judgment will be given against you," said Mr. Isaac.

"Then," said he, decisively, "I rather lose."

The Difference

"Dad, what is a traitor?"

Leader of Political Party—"A traitor, my son, is one who leaves our party and goes over to the enemy."

"And what do you call a man who leaves the other party to come to us?"

"A convert, my son."

Germany has managed to work herself into an impregnable position. When the collector comes to the door he is promptly bitten by the wolf.



"Well, lovely daughter of the mountain, see you waiting the cattle?" "Yes, and you waiting the sheep?" "Maggie, dearer daughter, Munich."

W. N. U. 1919

Work Is Preferred

Many People on Relief Would Welcome Job With Small Wage

The young man who had been squeezed out of a job by a merger of competing companies looked across the desk of an acquaintance and declared: "I'm too proud, I guess, to go to a social agency of an emergency committee to ask for money to tide me over until I make another connection. What I want is not financial aid, not even friendly counsel, but real work that is worth paying for."

The friend to whom the remark was made was impressed with the reasonableness of the young man's point of view, and when he met with a relief committee somewhat later succeeded in changing the method of extending help to folk temporarily out of employment. A canvass was undertaken to find jobs and positions, some of them only part-time and entailing a small wage. In many instances, opportunities for useful work were found. Many of the work were made out of whole cloth—new jobs to repair tottery street-lighting posts, to paint old buildings, tidy up the parks and the municipal golf course. The money which once went directly to the needy was now transformed into actual wages for work performed, so that men no longer considered themselves recipients of charity.

One of the human factors which needs to be considered in the present crisis is the preserving of the worker's self-respect, the strengthening of his morale and his courage to go forward. A job which calls for the expenditure of his energies and capabilities, and which yields some financial recompense, is probably a surer stay in time of difficulty than a mountain of well-meant sympathy, or an order for free groceries and coal assigned by the elite staff of some emergency committee.—Christian Science Monitor.

Plant Trees

"Plant trees as fast and as hard as you can," is the advice of Frank J. D. Barnum, internationally famous authority on water conservation and afforestation, in a letter to Hon. J. F. Bryant, K.C., chairman of the commission on drought in Saskatchewan. Mr. Barnum is a wealthy man, who devotes all his time to his subject. He is chairman of the committee on afforestation, appointed at the last Imperial conference.

He states in part: "Drought conditions in California are just as bad as they are in Saskatchewan. In planting roadside trees there, they have to lay water pipes for great distances in order to water the trees they plant, otherwise they would not live."

"Of course, there is nothing else you can now do, except to plant trees as fast and as hard as you can, and as you have asked my advice on this subject, I can only say 'Plant and keep on planting,' as it is absolutely the only ray of hope for your province."

Mesopotamian excavations have revealed to Dr. C. L. Woolley, archaeologist, that Noah's flood was a local condition only, not world wide.

Study Of Recently Formulated Schemes For The Prevention Of Drought In Western Canada

(By S. Barnes, Dominion Experimental Station, Swift Current)

A study of recently formulated schemes for the prevention of drought in western Canada fails to give the assurance that their adoption would appreciably lessen the harmful effects of drought.

Two schemes for drought prevention have received much prominence in the press. Tree planting on a huge scale is advocated, and also the storage of water in reservoirs. Both schemes, it is alleged, will add moisture to the air and thereby induce a normal rainfall.

Meteorologists are suspicious of any scheme to promote rainfall since so many of these schemes have failed. The effect of trees inducing a normal rainfall can be easily determined. It is proposed to plant 1,000 square miles of trees. These trees, it has been stated, will transpire each month 30 billion gallons of water in vapor form, or a total for a period of six months of 900 million tons of water. These are impressive figures but the area of land to be benefited is also large. The drought area is given as 80,000 square miles or 51,200,000 acres. The 900 million tons of water distributed over this area would give a rainfall of slightly more than fifteen hundredths of an inch, scarcely enough to lay the dust, and it would take six months to get it.

The possibilities in the reservoir idea are about as equally encouraging. The total evaporation of water for a six months period on the prairies is approximately 30 inches.

The average water surface of a number of reservoirs is given as 35 acres. If we assume the possibility of increasing the natural rainfall by one inch in a six months period, it would be necessary to construct some 50,000 dams.

Both of the above schemes entirely overlook the influence of the natural factors which produce rain. Rain is produced from vapor present in the air, but the mere presence of moisture in the air is no assurance of rain. What is to happen when the wind blows, as it sometimes does on the prairies? It is quite conceivable that the vapor arising from the trees and artificial lakes in Saskatchewan may be wafted into Manitoba, or even wafted off to relieve a drought in Oklahoma or Texas. The bulk of Saskatchewan's rainfall, it should be remembered, originates in the Pacific ocean at least one thousand miles away.

For several years experiments on soil moisture, the fundamental factor in drought prevention, have been conducted at the Dominion experimental station at Swift Current, Sask. At the same time inquiries for information on methods of overcoming drought have been directed to points throughout the world where drought is experienced. Many common theories regarding soil moisture have been dispelled and evidence has been disclosed of important details

upon which present knowledge is very meagre. There is no evidence to indicate that drought in western Canada is in any way connected with the system of farming practiced or is steadily becoming worse. On the contrary the present agricultural practices, the outcome of many years of practical experience, are fundamentally sound in that they are designed to make the greatest possible use of the available moisture supply. The experimentalist is now faced with the task of still further increasing their efficiency, and in this way to evolve a means of drought prevention built upon a thoroughly practical and scientific basis.

World's Grain Show

To Be Held at Regina July 24 to August 5th, 1933

Meeting at Toronto recently the national committee of the World's Grain exhibition and conference to be held in Regina, Sask., adopted July 24 to Aug. 5, 1933, as the dates for the event. The committee heard the optimistic report of J. A. Mooney, managing director of the exhibition, and adopted the financial statement for the year.

It was reported also that the countries, states and provinces which had arranged to take part in the exhibition when the date was originally set for 1932, had signified their intention of participating in 1933. Rice from the Philippines is already stored in Regina awaiting the exhibition and an exhibit of wheat from Indora, Central India, is on its way. Fifty or sixty of the world's greatest grain experts have agreed to give addresses at the conference.

"The experience gained by some of the provinces during the past two years, and the excellent progress made, should be an incentive to greater things in the future," said Mr. Mooney. He suggested that every advantage be taken of the year for preparation, as the result of the postponement announced some months ago, so that Canada would occupy at the exhibition of 1933, the position that the quality of her agricultural products merited. He said the exhibition organization had played an important part in giving assistance to the agricultural industry of Canada."

Our Agricultural Wealth

A statement issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimates the gross agricultural wealth of Canada for 1931 at \$7,373,559,000. Of this \$687,225,000 was represented by live stock and \$54,852,000 by poultry on farms, a total of \$742,077,000. The estimated gross annual agricultural revenue for 1930 was \$1,240,470,000. Farm animals sold contributed \$166,630,000; wool \$2,311,000; dairy products \$277,154,000; poultry and eggs \$96,227,000; a total of \$541,322,000 directly from live stock and animal products.

Well To Remember

Bread was slow to follow the drop in price of wheat, bakers arguing that flour was after all a small item in the ultimate cost of bread. The argument should not be forgotten in a rising market.

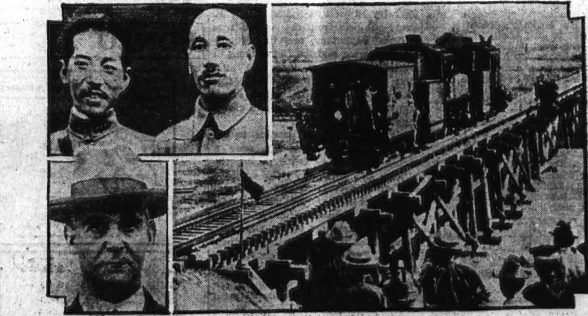
One danger to which the modern girl will not expose herself is that of catching her fingers in a clothes wringer.



"I wonder how men can tell so many lies?"

He: "It is because you women ask so many questions."—Kasper, Stockholm.

REPAIR OF THIS BRIDGE COST 250 LIVES



The Kianchiang River Railway bridge of the Tsonan-Aganchi line, following its repair by the Japanese forces now in Manchuria, after the Chinese soldiers and engineers had failed to fix it. The first engine to cross the bridge since its destruction is shown. The repair of the span cost 250 lives what with Chinese firing on the Nippon repair gang and Japanese troops retreating on the Chinese. In the upper left, Marshal Chang Hsueh-Liang (left), deposed Manchurian Governor, and President Kai-Shek, the Nationalist leader, are depicted. If fighting continues, President Kai-Shek is expected to lead a United Chinese Army against the Japanese. Lower left, is General C. P. Summerall, former United States Chief of Staff, whom it is expected by our neighbours in the South, may be a member of the international commission which the League of Nations is suggesting as a solution of the Manchurian crisis.



MAGISTRATE: "Six weeks' hard labor."
PRISONER: "See you!"
MAGISTRATE: "Six months."—The Passing Show, London, England.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Direction and control of the Mint, located at Ottawa, was assumed officially by Canada December 1.

British Columbia, through its legislature, will be urged to adopt state health insurance next year by the Health Insurance Commission.

Voluntary contributions to the Canadian Red Cross this year have been larger than for any year since the war.

As a memorial to Christopher Columbus a great lighthouse shaped like a cross is to be built on the island of Santo Domingo.

Hundreds of Great War prisoners still are held in Siberian labor camps, according to Giuseppe Girardi, an Austrian soldier, who has just escaped after 16 years' incarceration.

A group of Chicago engineers have developed a "radically different" aeroplane weighing only 475 pounds empty which they think will eventually sell for \$1,000.

A beam of light from the star Arcturus, 25 trillion miles from the earth, will provide the impulse, through a photo-electric cell, that will open Chicago's 1933 World's Fair.

The National Service Loan was remarkably successful. It is estimated if the lists had been kept open another week there would have been subscribed \$400,000,000.

The British Admiralty has resolved in the interests of economy that the system which has been pretty generally followed of promoting officers upon retirement, or afterwards, shall be abolished.

An X-ray tube, taking a snap-shot in one-thousandths of a second, has made its debut at St. Louis, Montana. Dino Grandi, Italian Foreign Minister, stated Italy would give full support to the disarmament conference at Geneva in February.

Last year Canada's lobster fishery yielded a catch of over 40,726,000 pounds and was second only to the salmon fishery in point of market return, the value being \$5,215,000.

Glass of a greenish yellow hue invented in Germany for greenhouses is said to admit a light that speeds germination of seeds planted underneath it.

Ex-King Alfonso may take up ranching, according to reports.



Visitor: "You say your master is dead. What did he die of?"
Footman: "I don't know yet—I haven't asked him."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1919

Better Farming Societies

Getting Together To Study Better Farming and Agricultural Problems During the Winter Months

The Hon. James F. Bryant, K.C., Chairman of the Commission on Conservation of Water and Afforestation, for Saskatchewan, stated recently that it was generally recognized that owing to conditions in the dried out areas, many of the farm homes are not able to afford the papers, magazines and general reading matter that came into these homes in previous years. Under these circumstances, owing to the long winter ahead, an effort should be made to create a common interest which would bring the farmers together to consider their problems and endeavour to take some constructive measures to remedy present conditions in the rural districts of southern Saskatchewan.

"As Chairman of the Commission on Conservation and Afforestation," said Mr. Bryant, "I received a letter from F. Freeman, of Springfield, Saskatchewan, secretary of the Rural Municipality of Bushville, which was very encouraging and which suggested a plan that might with great profit be adopted in each municipality in the dried out areas of the province."

"At the annual meeting of the ratepayers of the above municipality, on the suggestion of the secretary, a local 'Better Farming Society' was formed for the purpose of obtaining all available information on farming."

The Society will meet once in a week at the most central point in the municipality to discuss and exchange ideas. The whole programme to be devoted to 'Better Farming' discussions; political and economical discussions to be strictly prohibited as they might lead to discussion and friction, resulting in waste effort when through a careful study of better farming problems it would not only create great interest but be of great benefit to all.

The first meeting of the above Society will include a paper on 'Strip Farming Methods' used at Monarch, Alberta, and the members of the local society are trying to get all the available information on this subject for discussion.

"I desire to urge the formation of similar 'Better Farming Societies' all over the drought areas. I feel that it would be a matter of great value to the farmers themselves, and to the Province of Saskatchewan, if such meetings were held all over the southern part of Saskatchewan, especially to study 'Better Farming and Agricultural' problems in their relationship to drought and soil drifting in order to interest our people in permanently removing the causes of drought conditions by intelligent and united action.

"The whole question of climatic conditions as affected by the lack of conservation of water and the absence of trees would be a most interesting field for study and discussion."

"To get material for the papers and discussions, the members might obtain a limited quantity from the Department of Agriculture, Regina, of such pamphlets as the Report of the Royal Commission of inquiry into farming conditions in 1920, strip farming, crop rotation, and many others. Valuable pamphlets could be obtained of free planning from the Forestry Station at Indian Head; or many subjects from the Agricultural College, Saskatoon, and the Experimental Farms and the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, and the subjects of fruit growing, vegetable growing, stock raising, mixed farming, crop rotation, grasses and clover might well be studied."

"It might also be possible to obtain outside speakers,—say once a month or once or twice during the winter. Any member of the commission on Conservation and Afforestation would be pleased to assist so far as his other duties permitted. Dean Shaw and members of the Extension Department staff of the Agricultural College, Saskatoon; Norman Ross of the Forestry Station, Indian Head; members of the staff of the Experimental Farms and of the Department of Agriculture, Regina, might be obtained. Perhaps Professor Kirk of Ottawa might be persuaded to give a few addresses when he visits the West in December or January. Subjects for discussion and short addresses prepared for meetings might be broadcast through the 'Saskatchewan Farmer' radio school. Farm

papers such as the 'Western Producer', the 'Saskatchewan Farmer' and the 'Country Guide', the 'North-West Farmer' and the 'Free Press' might, if requested, get several splendid articles prepared and published them in order to assist in studying the problem.

"I strongly urge the formation of such societies at the earliest possible date. The initial meeting of farmers might well be arranged by the secretary-treasurer of the municipalities in the drought areas."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 13

JOHN'S VISION ON PATMOS

Golden Text: "Fear not, I am the first, and the last, and the Living One."—Revelation 1:11, 18.
Lesson: Revelation 1:1 to 3:22.
Devotional Reading: 1 Corinthians 15:42-49.

Explanations and Comments

The Address Or Salutation, verses 4-7.—With this salutation compare the salutations in Paul's letters, especially 1 Thessalonians 1:1, 2 John, to the seven churches that are in Asia, not for the peninsula of Asia Minor, but for a Roman province that peninsula. It was to these churches that John wrote in course 10 that the Book of Revelation was primarily written, the churches with which John was personally acquainted. Revelation 2:16. "Seven" is a number representing completeness, and therefore meaning "all."

To the seven churches John invokes grace and peace from Him who is the Father and who is to come. "Probably making use of a solemn and stereotyped phrase to describe the character of the revelation," an allusion to Exodus 3:14, where Jehovah reveals Himself as the Great I Am, the Self-existent, and Eternal. And from the seven Spirits that are before the throne; again the number seven. It is thought this is a combination of the idea in Psalm 104:4 with the latest Jewish idea that the number seven is the number of the Holy Spirit, who is the faithful witness. Compare Revelation 1:2 and 3:14; and Jesus' own words, "I bear witness to the truth," John 18:37. Jesus Christ the first born of the Father, the one who is to come, the ruler of the kings of the earth (in the church), the ruler of the church, the ruler of the world (in the church). The ruler of the world (in the church).

Unto Him that loveth us: "Perhaps our first wrote loved" as then he thought him, "Why should I say loved" when He loves us "still." And loosed us from sin by His blood; delivered us from sin by the shedding of His blood on the cross. And He made us to be a kingdom: Christ's followers not only inherit a kingdom, but they are to be priests, a society unto His God and Father; see Exodus 19:6. In former times other men had been priests, or mediators between God and men; now such are no longer needed for such is the direct access to God.

To Him be the glory and the dominion for ever and ever, unto the ages of the ages. Compare Romans 16:27; 2 Timothy 4:18; Hebrews 13:21; 1 Peter 4:11.

Behold He standeth with the clouds: compare Daniel 7:13; Matthew 24:30; Mark 14:62. Every eye shall see Him, that pierced Him, and all the tribes of the earth shall mourn over Him. Even so, Amen. There will be two kinds of mourning, the one due to the terror of an enemy, the other to the terror of the penitent.—Bengel.

The Hawaiian Islands broke their temperature record this year with a 100 degree temperature, and it happened, not in August, but in April.

Experiment Was Costly

Labor Government in Australia Found a Meat Business Unprofitable

A Labor government in Queensland, Australia, decided, several years ago, that the public was paying too much for meat, and plunged into the business. It purchased a number of splendid ranches and put government officials in charge. The advance picture drawn by the politicians was one of assured profits and cheaper meat. The actual results were enormous deficits and dearer meat. The final blow came with the sale of the ranches. They cost \$6,359,000, besides which the government raised \$5,750,000 to meet operating losses, or a total outlay of \$12,109,000. And all the state got back when it sold out was \$2,600,000. The disastrous experiment in socialism cost every man, woman and child in Queensland \$10 more each in taxes.

Metals For Dirigibles

Many Besides Aluminum Play An Important Part in Construction

Aluminum is the metal most commonly associated with the building of dirigibles such as the new Akron, but there are numerous other metals playing important parts in such aircraft. On the Akron, nickel steel was used for outgutter fittings because of its strength; stainless steel for exhaust manifolds; non-magnetic alloy steel for control boards; plain carbon steel and plain iron for miscellaneous purposes; parts and fittings of monel metal, which is a combination of nickel and copper; brass for fuel lines; platinum for some navigation instruments. Duraluminum is used for the framework. Incidentally, the lightness of aluminum is taken advantage of not only for the actual body of the ship but is used for the stove and other gallery equipment. The stove weighs only 110 pounds.

Another Victim to Science

Second Montreal Doctor Dies of Mysterious Infection

Second victim of a mysterious infection picked up while doing research work in continental universities two years ago, Dr. Joseph B. Gallagher, surgeon attached to the Montreal General hospital, died Wednesday after long suffering. The first victim was Dr. H. Stewart, who died six months ago.

The surgeons, friends, went to Europe in 1929 to do some post-graduate work in London, Berlin and Vienna hospitals. Both returned with a mysterious infection picked up apparently in the course of their work. Both are now dead from blood poisoning.

Height Makes Big Difference

When you go to the top of the Empire State Building, New York City, the world's tallest man-made structure, you can see the sun rise a half hour earlier and set a half hour later than from the street level. That is the difference a height of 1,248 feet makes.

In the historic old German meeting house at Waldoboro, Maine, church services have been held regularly for 159 years.

BONZO

By Studdy



MIXED FARMING WILL NOT SOLVE PROBLEM OF WEST

Montreal, Que.—It is a mistake to think that diversified farming will solve all of western Canada's problems. Dr. W. W. Swanson, economist and grain expert from Saskatchewan University, who accompanied Premier R. B. Bennett to the last Empire Conference in Britain, said here.

Dr. Swanson was referring to the newly established \$5,000,000 revolving credit fund, sponsored by President E. W. Beatty, of the C.P.R., to help the western farmers towards diversification.

He did not belittle its value to the farmers of northern Alberta and Saskatchewan. Indeed he stated that it would be of considerable benefit to them if the fund was really kept rotating and fluid, as it would supply an intermediate form of credit between the short-term loans of the banks and the long-term mortgage companies' loans.

"But there are large parts of the prairie provinces where it will be quite impossible for the farmers to make a general turnover to mixed farming," he said. "These areas have a small rainfall. They have little or no water at all available for livestock and thus cannot benefit from the plan. Yet they produce the bulk of our present wheat crops."

"Even to be of real value to those western farmers who are so fortunately situated that they turn more to diversified farming than they already have, the rotating fund will be useful only as long as great care is taken not to attempt too much diversification of agriculture."

"The danger which is too often ignored," Dr. Swanson said, "is that too rapid a shift towards the production of livestock would depress the markets and freeze the credits, thus entirely offsetting the benefits of diversification."

Wheat Tariff Asked

British Millers Suggest Two Shilling Preference On Grain From Canada

London, England.—Representatives of the British flour milling industry suggested to Sir John Gilmour, Minister of Agriculture, the imposition of a general tariff of four shillings a quarter (eight bushels) on imported wheat, the Daily Express said recently. Coupled with this was the suggestion of a two-shilling preference on wheat from Canada or the other Dominions, the paper adds.

The millers, the Daily Express says, argued against the government's proposed wheat quota scheme, contending it would disorganize the trade.

Another suggestion made to the Minister of Agriculture was a duty of four shillings be imposed on unsold foreign wheat stored in Great Britain, particularly the thousands of tons of Soviet grain lying in port elevators.

Fails To Beat Record

Hawks Overcome By Monoxide Gas Fumes Is In Hospital

Yreka, Calif.—Overcome by monoxide gas fumes from his motor as he streaked through the sky seeking a new three-flag speed record between Vancouver and Agua Caliente, Mexico, Capt. Frank Hawks was forced to dive dizzily to earth before he lost consciousness. He is suffering from congestion of the lungs and pneumonia was feared.

The poisonous effects of the gas Dr. Victor Hart, his physician, said probably would keep the flyer in bed for a week and he had ordered the aviator to rest as his condition was more serious than at first diagnosed.

Pay In Canadian Funds

New York.—The Bank of Montreal informed its shareholders in this country, beginning with the dividend payable December 1, that payment will be made in Canadian funds only, instead of United States funds as has been the policy for several years.

W. N. U. 1919

Communists Appeal

Protest Against Jail Sentence Imposed By Toronto Judge

Toronto, Ont.—Appeals have been entered by the eight Communists convicted and sentenced on November 12 of being members of an unlawful association and parties to a seditious conspiracy. The appeal was based on the grounds that there was evidence to show "that a revolution if it came about as a result of the teachings of Communism, would be accompanied by force, violence, terrorism or physical injury to person or property."

The accused claim the judge erred in excluding oral evidence by the defence as to the doctrines, teachings and objects of the Communist Party of Canada, while admitting such evidence on behalf of the crown; that the judge was in error in refusing evidence tendered by the defence to show the Communist revolutions have in fact been peaceful.

Further, the appellants claim the judge erred in refusing to allow the programme of the Communist Party of Canada as evidence for the defence; that the charge of the trial judge to the jury "as a whole unduly emphasized the evidence against the accused and failed to place the defence fully and fairly before the jury."

Finally, it is contended the trial judge erred in admitting evidence of seized documents as against the Communist Party of Canada.

Out To Increase Trade

Stevens Hopes To Make Arrangements With Fiji And Hawaiian Islands

Montreal, Que.—Hon. H. Stevens, who according to present plans will sail from Vancouver on December 19 for Honolulu to negotiate with Hon. D. Stewart, Minister of Finance for New Zealand, in regard to a separate trade treaty with that Dominion, will also, it is understood, endeavor to negotiate more advantageous trade arrangements with the Fiji Islands and the Hawaiian Islands.

The Fiji Islands, the despatch states, sent Canada \$3,669,572 of sugar and some butter in 1930, and in return Canada sold only \$433,000 worth of goods including lumber, canned fish and automobiles.

Germany's Move May Affect Canadian Goods

Export Trade Will No Doubt Suffer Through Prohibitory Duties

Ottawa, Ont.—While Canada has no trade treaty with Germany, there has been a considerable export trade from the Dominion to that country which may be adversely affected by the "prohibitory" duties forecast in Berlin despatches.

During the year ended March 31, Canada exported a large variety of commodities to Germany, wheat being predominant with exports valued at more than \$4,000,000, and wheat straw valued at more than \$2,000,000. Other grains, fruit, fish, furs, lumber, farm implements, minerals and food products also figured in the volume of exports last year.

Date May Be Changed

Imperial Conference Likely To Open Earlier Than July

London, England.—Plans for the Imperial Conference to be held in Ottawa will be speeded up, says the Daily Express. The National Government, the paper says, hopes arrangements will be made permitting the conference to open earlier than July, the date mentioned for some time.

Discussions are progressing between the British Government and those of the Dominions in regard to arrangements for the conference. The presence in London, England, of Prime Minister R. B. Bennett of Canada, has helped to complete the preliminaries, the paper adds.

Former Official Dead

Winnipeg, Man.—A. H. Correll, 75, former clerk of the Manitoba Legislature, died December 2. He served overseas with the rank of Lieutenant-colonel, commanding a unit of the Canadian Army Service Corps. From 1887 until 1915, when he resigned to go overseas, he was clerk of the legislature.

ON LAMBETH COMMITTEE



The Right Reverend J. C. Roper, Bishop of Ottawa, who has been appointed to the consultative committee of the Lambeth Conference. He expects to go to London in the spring.

Prince Of Wales Ill

Has Attack Of Malaria Is Report Of Physician

London, England.—The Prince of Wales has been forced to stay indoors because he was suffering from a chill. His condition was not serious, it was authoritatively reported, and no physicians' bulletins will be issued. The Prince's illness made it necessary for him to cancel plans to attend a naval inspection at Portsmouth, at which he was to have represented the King at the presentation of the colours of the Portsmouth division of the Royal Marines. Prince George substituted for him.

The Daily Mail says the "chill" is an attack of malaria and that Sir Stanley Hewitt, one of the physicians who attended the king during his long illness, visited the prince. He suffered a mild attack of malaria last March while hunting in Africa and was obliged to return to Nairobi, where he quickly recovered.

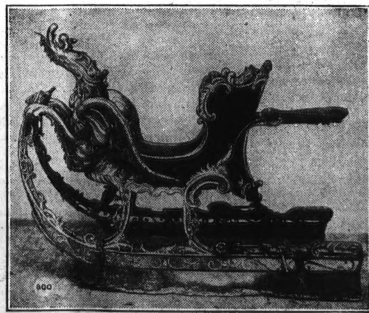
Gift To Aid Club Work

International Harvester Company Donates \$20,000 For Agricultural Education

Ottawa, Ont.—Cheque for \$20,000 to aid in the spreading of agricultural education among the farm boys and girls of Canada has been received by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, from George A. Ranney, vice-president and treasurer of the International Harvester Company.

The money is a gift to the Canadian Council on Boys' and Girls' Club work. A permanent trust fund will be established, the income from which will be used in furthering the extension and usefulness of the movement.

A Sleigh From Old Montreal



A generation before Wolfe and Montcalm settled the destiny of Canada on the Plains of Abraham, a French gentleman of Montreal imported what was then the most magnificent sleigh in the New World. It was built in Paris in 1720, and for many years was the pride of early Montreal.

The sleigh vanished with the passing of time and eventually came into the possession of Mrs. C. H. Munro Ferguson, of Ayr, Scotland, who, in view of its early associations, presented it to Mr. E. W. Beatty, Chairman and President of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is now on view at the headquarters of the Art Association of Montreal.

The sleigh is typical of the period in which it was built, the iron work being hand wrought and gilded. It is attractive a great deal of interest, especially among students of early Canadian history.

MacDonald Going To Geneva

Plans To Attend Disarmament Conference in February

London, England.—Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald will head a British delegation including six cabinet members to the disarmament conference at Geneva in February, he told the House of Commons.

The other members are Sir John Simon, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions; Viscount Hailsham, Secretary of State for War; Sir Bolton Eyres-McKenna, First Lord of the Admiralty; and the Marquis of Londonderry, Secretary of State for Air. The Prime Minister said he hoped it would be unnecessary for all of the ministers to be in attendance at the same time.

A Paris despatch says Premier Pierre Laval may attend personally the opening of the conference. In League of Nations circles reports are current that several nations would like to see the conference postponed, believing the present world situation is not the best in which to hold it, but France is prepared actively to object to a postponement if the move should take concrete form.

Canada Buys Carriers For Machine Guns

Number Have Been Purchased By Department Of National Defence

London, England.—Canada is taking the lead among the forces of the Empire in the modernization of infantry forces, the military writer of the Daily Telegraph says. He devotes half a column to an account of the equipping of three Canadian permanent force battalions with armored machine gun carriers. This he says, has increased greatly the offensive strength of the forces.

Ottawa, Ont.—The Department of National Defence several months ago purchased a number of Farber-Lloyd machine gun carriers and during the past summer highly successful experiments were carried out. Several battalions of the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery have been mechanized for the past 18 months.

Farmers Still Hold Wheat

Over Thirty-One Million Bushels In West Not Yet Marketed

Winnipeg, Man.—A total of 31,522,000 bushels of wheat and 11,510,000 bushels of other grains still remain in the hands of farmers located along the lines of the Canadian National Railways and is yet to be marketed.

Of the grain remaining in the hands of the farmer, Manitoba holds 4,000,000 bushels of wheat and 1,310,000 bushels of other grains. Saskatchewan holds 10,645,000 bushels of wheat and 3,325,000 bushels of coarse grains, and Alberta holds 16,797,000 bushels of wheat and 5,052,000 bushels of other grains.

RAIL WORKERS NOT WILLING TO TAKE WAGE CUT

Montreal, Que.—"Anybody who talks in that strain in these days has not followed closely the recent trend in labor disputes. The period of the iron fist is buried," stated Hon. James Munnick, member of the senate and vice-president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Wednesday night, December 2, when asked if there was any possibility of a strike in connection with the majority award of the Board of Conciliation which decided the railways were entitled to a reduction of 10 per cent. in the wages of their "running trades" employees.

The conference committee of general chairmen, representing the engineers, firemen, conductors, trainmen and telegraphers on the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways found the majority opinion of the Board of Arbitration unacceptable, the two railways have been advised. The matter would be referred back to the 26,000 employees concerned, the railways were informed.

In a letter sent to every division of the railway companies, the general chairmen asked them to decide if a local ballot should be undertaken. Each district was requested to send its reply to the chairman of the conference committee not later than December 15.

What the next step will be remains for the future. Strong efforts to reconcile the disputants will be put forward. Officials at Ottawa expressed hope that some means might be devised of getting the affected parties together and ironing out the difficulties.

Two Hundred Million Estimated For Loan

Hon. E. N. Rhodes Thanks Committee For Efforts In Huge Venture

Montreal, Que.—Hon. E. N. Rhodes, acting Minister of Finance, who came here to attend a luncheon at which he thanked the members of the National Service Loan Committee for their efforts in successfully completing the huge venture, stated in an interview that when the final figures were published they would run in the neighborhood of \$200,000,000.

As the Government asked for only \$150,000,000, the final figures will show a tremendous over-subscription. "The small investor, who has made the success of this loan possible, has proved wise in his day and generation," stated the acting Finance Minister. "Not only will he enjoy high interest but he has an excellent chance of appreciation on his capital investment in addition to knowing that his money is being used in the public service."

States Asking For Canada's Co-Operation

In Creating International Agency For Conservation Of Game

New York, N.Y.—The American Game Association, in convention unanimously adopted a resolution asking Canada to join the United States in creating an international agency to foster waterfowl restoration and acquisition of large breeding areas and wintering grounds.

Hoyes Lloyd, supervisor of wild life protection, parks branch, of the Canadian Department of the Interior, Ottawa, was elected a vice-chairman of the American Game Conference.

David H. Malvern, Salt Lake City, Utah, Federal Supervisor of Wild Life Resources in National Parks for United States, was elected chairman.

Food Dictator For Germany

Berlin, Germany.—Appointment of a "food dictator" for Germany is forecast in government circles. It was stated the official would probably be empowered automatically to reduce wages costs of industrial and food products. He would also have the power, it was stated, to prevent wage cuts in factories unless a similar saving was passed along to the consumer.

In the Supreme Court.

Henry Scheidekman versus Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Co. The trial of the above action came on before Mr Justice Ives in the Supreme Court on Tuesday. The plaintiff claimed under an insurance policy with the defendant company the sum of \$2,100, covering a house and barn destroyed by fire. The company in its defence contended that the plaintiff in his application had not correctly stated the measurements, age and value of the buildings, and also contended that there had not been proper occupation of the house.

After the evidence was put in, Mr Justice Ives immediately gave judgment for the plaintiff for his full claim and costs. George J Bryan acted as solicitor for the plaintiff with H A Friedman, K. C., as counsel and W R Howson appeared for the company.

Schedule of Mails.

To the East—Every day except Monday; train No. 2, at 15.44. From the East—Every day except Sat.; train No. 1, at 11.44. To West—Sun, Tues, & Thurs; train No. 1, at 11.44. From West—Sun, Wed & Friday; train No. 2, at 15.44. Reg. for the East, Sun, Wed. and Friday. Reg. for the West, Sun., Tues. & Thurs. Mail should be posted half hour before Train time.

The Market Report.

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	0.39
No. 2 Northern	0.34
No. 3 Northern	0.30
No. 4 Northern	0.28
OATS.	
2 C. W.	0.11
3 C. W.	0.14
Extra 1 Feed	0.14
No. 1 Feed	0.12
No. 2 Feed	0.11
BARLEY.	
No. 3	0.21
No. 2	0.19
Feed	0.17



COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS AND BY YOUR Steamship and Rail Tickets FROM THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY SYSTEM Rail and Steamship Lines TO ALL PORTS OF CALL

STONY PLAIN BAKERY.

Fresh Bread Every Day—White, Rye, Brown.

THREE LOAVES FOR 25 CENTS.

PHILIP TRAPP, AGENT, SWIFT-CANADIAN CREAMERY

Stony Plain and District

Mr and Mrs Franklin K Clarke, Jasper, were Sunday visitors here with Mr and Mrs J F Clarke.

Mr and Mrs F L Tilson, former residents here but now of Lamont, were visiting in Stony on Saturday.

Miss Irma Heichen has returned to her home at Onaway, after paying a visit here with Mrs Louie Goetz.

An inspector from the provincial Dept. of Health gave the local restaurants and other places in town a thorough inspection on Friday last and found everything in good order.

Barth's orchestra supplied the music for the dance which followed the play at Moose hall Friday evening last. The same musicians are engaged to play for the dance at Holborn tomorrow night.

12 more shopping days to the big Day.

The hockey game on the 13th will be between last Sunday's team and a team from the B. & B. gang.

Why suffer with headaches and pain in the eyes? See Mecklenburg at Royal Hotel, Stony Plain, Sat. Jan. 9.

The Ladies' Aid of the St. Matthew Church held a very successful bazaar and sale of home cooking on Sat. last, in St. Matthew School house in Stony Plain.

EGGS WANTED at the Royal Cafe; best prices paid.

Have your eyes tested by M Mecklenburg, who will be at the Royal Hotel, in Stony Plain, on Saturday, Jan. 9th. Charges moderate.

Nothing to the Story.

Rumors having been current of late, in several of the municipal districts, that the provincial Government was placing out men with the farmers for the winter and paying the farmers \$12 per month for keeping the men, an inquiry was made to the chief officer in charge at the Government employment bureau, and it was stated by him that these rumors were entirely without foundation.

Card of Thanks.

The Members of Stony Plain Women's Institute wish to heartily thank the public for helping them make the Show last Friday evening such a splendid success. They wish especially to thank Mr J McCulla, Mr G McGillis, Mr J Bryan, Mr J Gannon, and Mr G Barth for contributing so much of their time to the success of the play "Too Many Wives."

Church Services.

German Lutheran services will be held in Stony Plain next Sunday at 10.30 a. m.

Services in St Philip's Church next Sunday, 11.00 a. m.

United Church service every Sunday Evng. at 7.30.

Sunday, Dec. 20, there will be Lutheran service at St. Matthew Schoolhouse at 7.30 p. m., by Rev. H. Kuring.

Fire at Nick Bauer's.

At breakfast time on Monday smoke was seen issuing from the horse barn on the Nick Bauer Sr. farm. An effort was made to quench the flames, but the fire had succeeded in getting too much headway, and the barn building proved a total loss. All the animals were removed in safety.

A Repeat Performance.

At the request of many who were unable to get into the hall on Friday night, a repeat performance of "Too Many Wives" will be presented by the same cast in Moose hall, Stony Plain, Friday, Jan. 22. Keep that date in mind, and come and see this humorous play.

Big Game Licenses

Monday next, Dec. 14, is the closing of the big game season. The Regulations require holders of big game licenses to return these, filled out, to the Game Commissioner, Edmonton. These are to be filled out and returned, whether you got any game or not.

Mrs. Kuhl Buried.

The funeral took place on Friday last of the late Mrs Minnie Kuhl, wife of Mr O Kuhl. A service was given at Mr Kuhl's residence; and a second at the Inga Lutheran church, the edifice being well filled by friends and neighbors. The services were conducted by Pastor Kuring. Interment took place in Inga cemetery. Deceased was in her 40th year, and leaves to mourn her loss her husband and three daughters, Elsie, Edna, Lillian.

Brightbank News

Messrs W Allen and R Barnes are operating their coal mine again this winter. A very good grade of coal is being taken out.

A very interesting talk was given at the school last week on growing sugar beets, by a farmer who formerly grew 'em in Kansas back in the 1870's. A hoe was produced that was used in cultivating the plant at that time.

The scholars at the school here are all getting ready for the school celebration on the Christmas week.

Save your eyes, temper and money. See Mecklenburg at the Royal Hotel, Stony Plain, on Sat., Jan. 9.

Holborn Happenings.

Another of those popular dances is billed for Holborn hall on Friday Dec. 11. The Barth Orchestra has been engaged for the occasion.

Mr Aronson was a work squad out this week, working on whitening the hill to the ferry, on the north side of the river. This work is being done, it is understood, under the direction of the provincial Dept. of Public Works, to aid the unemployed.

The first of a series of four whist drives will begin in the Hall starting Tuesday next, Dec. 15; the charge will be 15c a player.

Railway Time Table

Going West—Every morning at 11.44.

Going East—Every afternoon at 3.44.

Open Seasons for Game.

Ducks and Geese—Sept. 15 to Nov. 14th.

Hungarian Partridge—Oct. 1 to Nov. 15.

Sharp-tailed Grouse—Oct. 1-15.

Pheasant—No open season.

Deer—Nov. 1 to Dec. 11.

Other, Nov. 1 to May 1.

Beaver, No Open Season.

Muskat—Between North Saak.

Beaver and Tip. 9th, Feb. 15 to April 15.

Game Licenses can be had at Sun Office, where copies of the Game Act can be seen.

Notice to Creditors and Claimants.

IN THE ESTATE OF CONRAD ALBRECHT, late of the Post Office of Stony Plain, in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above named Conrad Albrecht, who died on the 25th day of April, 1931, are required to file with the undersigned Administrator by the twenty-first day of January, 1932, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to his knowledge.

DATED this 25th day of November, 1931.

THERNHOJME DICKSON,

Official Guardian for the Province of Alberta and Administrator of the Estate of Conrad Albrecht deceased, Government Buildings, EDMONTON.

Notice—Mr. H. Denkhans, opposite Jac Altheim, is in charge of N.E. Q. 14. 52. 2. Any person requiring wood or logs may purchase same from him; otherwise refer to him from trespassing J.A. Barrie

U—LOST, 1 Black Mare, with 8 white left hind foot and right front foot; branded as above on right hip; weight about 800 lbs. Notify Glen Scott, Holborn P.O.

For Sale—Turkeys, Spring Tom, from Government stock; average weight about 20 lbs; \$5 apiece. Mrs Geo. Dickie, phone 205

JUMPERS BUILT.

Also Bob Sleights. Wagon Boxes, etc. Paul Haller, leave orders at Stony Plain Hardware. 81

Personal Greeting Cards.

The Stony Plain Pharmacy has received its samples of Personal Greeting Cards, and these are now on display at their counters. The lines in the sample books cover cards for every phase of life—Personal, Business or Professional—and will be sure to please you no matter what you desire in the way of personal greeting cards for Christmas. The prices are lower this year.

2 Meals a Day, Plenty

Water, Helps Stomach.

"Since I drink plenty water, eat 2 good meals a day and take Adierika now and then, I've had no trouble with my stomach,"—C. DeFord.

Unlike other medicine, Adierika acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing poisonous waste which caused gas and other stomach trouble. Just ONE spoonful relieves gas, sour stomach and sick headache. Let Adierika give your stomach and bowels a REAL cleaning and see how good you feel! J. F. CLARKE Druggist.

Here and There

Canada has a bumper crop of potatoes this year with an official preliminary estimate putting the total 1931 yield at 27,553,330 bushels from 576,300 acres as compared with 80,461,660 bushels from 674,300 acres in 1930.

Canada is the pioneer in fish culture on this continent. The first hatchery for artificially fertilized eggs in Canada were produced in 1868 and fish culture was established as a Dominion Government service in 1867.

Britishers are eating Canadian eggs this year with their breakfast bacon. Estimates for 1931 place a figure of 20,000 cases, each of 30 dozen eggs, for export to Great Britain. Last year it was only 6,500 cases.

The fur trade is still one of Canada's big assets. In 1931 furs to the value of \$500,000 France were exported to France. Last year their value was placed at \$17,187,300, mostly to Great Britain and the United States.

Grain traffic handled by the Canadian Pacific for October last shows a considerable increase over the corresponding month of 1930. A total of 17,921 cars was loaded last month from the Prairie Provinces as compared with a total of 15,573 cars in October, 1930.

Idle since the first week of October, the mill of the British Empire Lumber Plant at Sydney, N.S., is again in operation, giving full time employment of six days a week to upwards of 200 men. They are rolling off to go for a number of orders recently placed with the company.

With a trail mileage of 7,163 miles to his credit and having to date seen 124 moose, 49 caribou and 404 deer in New Brunswick, E. L. Pope, of Boston, Mass., is back in New Brunswick for a number of his 27th hunting trip in 29 seasons. He will spend several weeks on this trip.

Nat. Cornfoot, colorful golf pro at the Canadian Pacific Langara course, Vancouver, for the past five and a half years, sailed by the Empress of Russia recently for Tokyo where he will act as golf instructor at the Fuji Shokai Club course. This organization operates a huge indoor layout in addition to its outdoors links.

Major John W. Sifton, one of the proprietors of the Manitoba Free Press, Winnipeg, seated at his writing desk in his private residence at Toronto recently, pulled a lever which, through the medium of Canadian Pacific Telephone and Telegraph, transmitted a message to the new ten unit speed press just erected in the Free Press office at a cost of \$200,000. The new press has a rated maximum capacity of more than 100,000 four-page papers per hour.

Twelve hundred colonies of screened bees and their accompanying queens from the Province of Alberta to China was the unique feature of the Canadian export trade to the Orient and of the shipments aboard the Empress of Russia recently. These bees, sent by the Chinese and American are produced nearly twice as much honey as its Asiatic brother that has been exploited by the Chinese since the time of Confucius. (72)

WHY SUFFER FROM HEADACHES,

Pain in and around the Eyes? The right glasses fitted to your eyes will surely relieve you and give you comfort.

Glasses furnished Free. Fifteen dollars examination fee. That is far cheaper than paying \$5 to \$10 for an examination and then glasses at \$12 to \$15; but you cannot see the logic of this; you need more than glasses.

M. M. Mecklenburg,

41 Years' Experience,

28 years in Western Canada.

1070 101st St., Edmonton.

At Stony Plain on Saturday,

Jan. 9, 1932

MRS. F. HORN, Butcher.

FRESH MEATS

SMOKED MEATS.

HOGS AND CATTLE

BOUGHT

OPPOSITE ZILLOX'S SHOP

STONY PLAIN.

"Best for You and Baby too."

Baby's Soap

10 cents Individual Cartons

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —

MARGARET FIEDLER

Author of

"The Splendid Policy," "The Herald of Far East,"

Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER VIII.

The Man From Montevideo

Jean arrived in London with a good three hours to spare before the Western Express, by which she proposed to travel to Devonshire, was due to leave Waterloo Station. She elected, therefore, to occupy the time by touring round the great, unknown city of her dreams in a taxi-cab, and spent a beatific hour glimpsing the Abbey and the Houses of Parliament, and the old, grey, misty river that Londoners love, and skimming in and out of the shops in Regent Street and Bond Street with her hands full of absurd, expensive, unnecessary purchases only bought because this was London and she felt she just simply must have something English at once, and winding up with a spin through Hyde Park—which didn't impress her very favourably in its winter aspect of leafless trees and barren stretches of sodden grass.

Then she drove to a hotel, and her luggage deposited there to await her departure, her thoughts turned very naturally towards lunch. Her apartment round London in the crisp, clear, frosty air had converted the collection of her early morning coffee and roll into something extremely nebulous and unappetizing, and it was with the healthy appetite of an eager young mind in an eager young body that she faced the several courses of the table d'hôte.

She glanced about her with interest, the little matches of English conversation which drifted to her from other nearby tables giving her a patriotic thrill of pure delight. These were typically English people lunching in a typically English hotel, and she, hitherto a stranger to her own mother-country, was doing likewise. The knowledge filled her with ridiculous satisfaction.

Nor were English people—at home in their own country—anything like as dull and dowdy as Glyn Peterson's swooning criticism had led her to expect. The men were immensely well-groomed and clean-looking. She liked the "morning-tub" appearance they all had; it reminded her of the Englishman at Montevideo. Apparently it was a British characteristic.

The women, too, filled her with a species of vicarious pride. They were so well turned-out, with a slim, long-limbed grace of figure she found admirable, and with splendid natural complexion—skins like rose and ivory.

Two of them were drifting into the room together now, with a superb cool assurance of manner—rather as though they had bought the hotel to which they had brought the sleek head-waiter automatically to their side, bowing and obsequious.

Somewhat to Jean's satisfaction he conveyed them to the table next her own, and she was pleasantly conscious, as they passed her, of a provocative whisper of silk and of the faint fragrance of violets subtly permeating the atmosphere.

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Had fight with husband

Another quarrel! She should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to ease those headaches—headaches that make her nervous, irritable and grouchy.

W. N. U. 1919

Conscious that perhaps she had been manifesting her interest a little too openly, she turned her attention to a magazine she had bought en route from Dover and was soon absorbed in the inevitable happy-ever-after conclusion of the story she had been reading.

"Lady Anne? Oh, she lives at Staple now. Didn't you know?"

The speaker's voice was clear and resonant, with the peculiar carrying quality which has replaced in the modern Englishwoman of the upper classes that excellent thing in woman which was the proud boast of an earlier generation.

The conjunction of the familiar words "Lady Anne" and "Staple" struck sharply on Jean's ears, and she almost instinctively she looked up.

As she stirred, one of the women glanced indifferently in her direction, then placidly resumed her conversation with her companion.

"It was just after the smash-up," she pursued glibly, "Blaise Tormarin rushed off abroad for a time, and the news of Nesta's death came while he was away. Poor Lady Anne had to write and tell him of it."

"Rather ghastly," commented the other woman. "I never heard the whole story of the affair. I was in Paris, then, and it was all over—happily the general gossip, of course—by the time I returned. I tried to pump it out of Lady Anne once, but she was so close as any oyster."

Both women talked without lowering their voices in the slightest degree, and with that complete indifference to the proximity of a stranger sometimes exhibited by a certain arrogant type.

Jean, realizing that it was her father's friends who were under discussion, and finding herself forced into the position of a listening auditor, felt wretchedly uncomfortable. She wished fervently that she could in some way arrest the conversation.

It felt it clearly as impossible for her to lean forward and say, "You are talking about the people I am on my way to visit," as it would have been for her to put her fingers in her ears. So far nothing had been said which she could actually object to. Her feeling was chiefly that of a supersensitive fear that she might learn from the lips of these two gossiping women, one of whom was apparently intimately acquainted with the private history of the Tormarin family, some little fact or detail which Lady Anne might not care for her future gossamer to know. Apart from this, it would hardly have been compatible with human nature—certainly not feminine nature—if she had not felt picked to considerable personal interest in the topic under discussion.

"Oh, it was a fool business," the first woman rejoined, settling down to supply the details of the story with an air of rapacious satisfaction which reminded Jean of nothing so much as of a dog with a bone. "Nesta Freyre was a typical Italian—though her father was English, I believe all blazing, passionate eyes and blazing, passionate emotion, you know; then there was another man—and there was Blaise Tormarin! You can imagine the consequence for yourself. Blaise has his full share of the Tormarin temper—and a Tormarin in a temper is like a devil with the bit between his teeth. There were violent quarrels and finally the girl bolted, presumably with the other man."

Then, later, Lady Anne heard that she had died abroad somewhere. The funny thing is that it seemed to Tormarin up rather badly. He's gloomed about the world ever since, so I suppose he must have been pretty deeply in love with her before the crash came. I never saw her, but I've been told she was diabolically pretty."

The other woman laughed, dismissing the tragedy of the little tale with a shallow tinkle of mirth.

"Oh, well, I've only met Blaise Tormarin once, but I should say he was not the type to relish being thrown over for another man!" She peered short-sightedly at the girl drilled fish on her plate, poking at it discontentedly with her fork. "I never think they cook their fish decently here, do you?" she complained.

And, with that, both women shied at the affair of Blaise Tormarin and concentrated upon the variety of culinary sins from which even expensive hotel chefs are not necessarily exempt.

Jean had no time to bestow upon the information which had been thrust upon her until she had effected the transport of herself and her belongings from the hotel to Waterloo Station, but when this had been accomplished, she found herself in the hands of a man who was not at all what she had expected.

As Every Mother Knows
A growing girl has a real need of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

Rich in Vitamins A and D

longings from the hotel to Waterloo Station, but when this had been satisfactorily accomplished and she found herself comfortably settled in a corner seat of the Plymouth express, her thoughts reverted to her newly acquired knowledge.

It added a bit of definite outline to the very slight and shadowy picture she had been able to form of her future environment—the picture roughly sketched in her mind from the few hints dropped by her father.

She wondered a little why Glyn should have omitted all mention of Blaise Tormarin's love affair and its unhappy sequel, but a moment's reflection supplied the explanation. Peterson had admitted that it was ten years since he had heard from Lady Anne; presumably, then, the circumstances just recounted in Jean's hearing had occurred during those years.

Jean felt that the additional knowledge she had gained rather detracted from the prospective pleasure of her visit to Staple. Judging from the comments which she had overheard, her host was likely to prove a somewhat morose and gloomy individual, soured by his unfortunate experience of feminine fidelity.

Thence her thoughts wandered vaguely ahead. Most, probably, as a direct consequence of her meeting a somewhat morose and gloomy individual, soured by his unfortunate experience of feminine fidelity.

He decided quickly into a settled conviction—Jean was nothing if not thorough!—that the real explanation in the delay in Lady Anne's response to Glyn's letter had lain in Blaise Tormarin's objection to the invasion of his home by a strange young woman—an objection Lady Anne had had to overcome, or decide to ignore, before she could answer Glyn's request in the affirmative.

(To Be Continued.)

Nation-Wide Fame.—There is scarcely a corner of this great Dominion where the merits of Dr. Tormarin's Electric Oil have not been tried and proved. It is one of the world's most efficient remedies for sore throat, laryngitis, and many other ailments arising from inflammation. Rubbed on the skin its healing power is really marvelous, and it can be taken internally.

New Use For Ice

Invention May Be Valuable In Raising Sunken Submarines

A new device sponsored by a Swiss company is expected to prevent ships from sinking by freezing incoming water at the point of entry in damaged hulls. A special refrigerating apparatus working under pressure with ammonia is placed over breaks in the hull. Through the resultant formation of ice the opening is obstructed and the ship is rendered comparatively safe. The invention is expected to be especially valuable in raising sunken submarines.

A safe and sure medicine for a child troubled with worms is Mother's Worm Expeller.

Made Rash Promise

There are times that not only try man's patience but his good resolutions. One man in Toronto promised his pastor that he would give 25 cents to the church missionary fund every time he said "damn." But some have been known to say "damn" frequently. So the man went to his pastor and said: "Padre, this is getting to be a nuisance. How much will you take for a season's ticket?"

An average man would soon attain perfection if he followed the advice he hands out to his neighbors.

China As Usual For World Cruisers

"Franconia," Purser Gives Intimate Glimpse Of Cruise Life

Despite the current troubles in Manchuria, arrangements are being made as usual for the entertainment of the Cunarder "Franconia" world cruise passengers on the Chinese capital next spring. The great cruise liner will call at Chingwangtao on April 19th from which port her passengers will visit Peking and the Great Wall of China.

Enthusiastic tribute to the excellence of Chinese railways, comfort on trains, good cuisine in the dining-cars, efficiency of train operation, was paid by T. H. Cullum, purser of the "Franconia," who is proceeding to New York to rejoin his ship for his seventh cruise around the world. "The visit to China is always a delightful revelation to our cruise passengers. They are surprised at the great comfort of the hotels in cities like Peking and Tientsin, and the courteous reception everywhere in China."

An interesting option of journeying across Siberia from Vladivostok instead of crossing the Pacific towards Europe, is offered to the Cunarder's passengers. The trip takes 20 days from Japan via the great trans-Siberian Railway (now so much in the public eye) including stop-over at Harbin, Moscow, Warsaw and Berlin. Another intriguing variation of the trip is the "magic carpet" flight by airplane to Bagdad and Babylon, over the strange ruins of ancient civilization.

Then there is a unique motor ride through the jungles of Indo-China, to the incredible temple of Angkor, from Bangkok and on to Saigon, the Paris of the East.

Full of the spirit of the East India, is the high-spot of the cruise, according to Purser Cullum. Here all the wonders of the East have been exploited efficiently by the Dutch, long recognized as ideal colonizers.

It is a unique and unforgettable experience to watch the Balinese dancers perform their strange dances of ancient civilization and curious music. The "Franconia" will be the big ship to call at this out-of-the-way outpost of civilization.

Being purser on the great cruise liner is no secure. His elaborate programme of entertainment for passengers while at sea includes, tournaments at various games, cabaret shows, concerts, movies and lectures. Besides a concert director with several assistants, there is a competent orchestra on board in the person of Dr. C. C. Macpherson, of Boston, who gives morning lectures while at sea, on the history, geography, and general character of each place to be visited. He also gives expert advice on how to get the most out of each what best to wear, eat, drink, etc. In general, he acts as adviser "par excellence."

After each place visited, he projects lantern slides of scenes to serve as "memory pictures," before proceeding to the next place to be called at. The morning "Travel Forums," as they are called, are always a feature of the cruise, as passengers want to get the most out of each port visited.

Many people imagine that the heat experienced during a world cruise must be terrific. But Purser Cullum claims that he has never felt as much discomfort anywhere in all his travels as he has experienced in New York city. It is typically hot American summer weather. Leaving New York on a frozen January day, the cruise liner will head into the Gulf Stream, heading for mild Madeira. Throughout January, the liner is cruising the warm Mediterranean, where light clothes are all that are needed.

The hottest part of the voyage is between Suez and Manila. People begin to wear whites in the Red Sea. Even there, however, are of the lightest material; the men wear a sort of white mess-jacket with a "kammer-band" around the waist, and ordinary evening dress trousers. Many passengers purchase their tropical kit in Bombay where prices are very low. They have themselves measured when the ship arrives and, when their Indian kit of nine days concludes at Bombay again, their clothes are ready waiting for them. "Palm Beach" trousers, white, with tropical cottons, are to be had very cheaply all over the East, particularly in Japan and China.

Fairly heavy tweeds, a heavy overcoat, and a raincoat, are also necessary for "visiting" the five districts in India, and for crossing the Atlantic and Pacific in some parts.

"Many people think that a world cruise is expensive, but, in actuality, it is often much cheaper than the 'Franconia' for five months. A palatial home, the same in style, and live like a king, than to stay at

MILBURN'S HEARTS NERVE PILLS

Price 50c a box

At all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

EXCESS FAT IS A DANGER TO HEALTH!

Insurance companies are apt to reject applications of overweight men and women—they can't afford to take any risks.

Good health cannot long be maintained where there is excessive weight. Fat is apt to shorten life, and, consequently, impaired mental activity, loss of energy and strength are but a few of many complaints which sometimes arise in overweight men and women.

Why not lose this superfluous fat—regain glorious health and good looks again—simply take a half teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast. Kruschen is the safe and healthy way to reduce, based on scientific principle. The slenderizing action of Kruschen can be speeded by cutting out fatty meats, pastries, and going light on butter, cream and potatoes.

Kruschen helps blood, nerves, glands and body organs to function properly again—you gain amazing new strength and energy—feel young, vigorous, look better, work better. Why postpone attractiveness and superb health?—start the Kruschen treatment to-day!

home. Lots of people spend more than the minimum fare of \$1,750, in a month, at home in America. I declared Mr. Cullum. "Extra expenses, if one is moderate in one's shopping, need not exceed \$500, but everything depends on one's tastes. Some passengers take the 'Franconia' world cruise every year, because it is an actual economy and a really marvellous holiday as well. One of my passengers has been around the world six times, another four times, and several have done it twice or three times. Last year every passenger had a good time all around the world with us before."

Little Helps For This Week

"For ye have not received the spirit of bondage again to fear; but ye have received the spirit of adoption, whereby we cry, Abba, Father!"—Romans viii. 15.

O love, Thy sovereign aid impart. To save me from low-thoughted care; Chase this self-will through all my heart.

Through all its latent mazes there; Make every thought of mine to cry: 'Ceaseless may 'Abba, Father' cry!—Gerald of Westminster.

What we need is the spirit of adoption, whereby we cry "Abba, Father." Then there will be no more fear, neither fear of man, nor fear of God, nor fear of sin, nor fear of death, nor fear of what men would do. When we are God's children, living in our Father's house, reconciled to Him, at peace with Him, with His love shed abroad in our hearts, then all fear is taken away; then our work is easy, our way onward.—James Freeman Clarke.

Persian Balm—the delight of dainty femininity. Imparts a fragrant perfume to the complexion. Tones up the skin and makes it velvety soft in texture. Cooling, refreshing, it is the most effective remedy for all varieties of stickiness. Invaluable for hands, face, and as a hair restorative. Wonderful and protective. Especially recommended in cases of roughness, or chafing caused by weather conditions.

Difficult For Communists

Reds Find It Almost Impossible To Get In Most in Cities

It's getting tougher and tougher for Communists in Canada, Jacob Penner, Communist candidate for mayor at Winnipeg, told an audience he was addressing in a public school. "There is no one more to the east where a meeting of this nature is possible," he said, "not in a public or private hall."

"And in the west, particularly in Moose Jaw, Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver, even the unemployed are not allowed to assemble."

"Winnipeg is still an exception where the Communists can pour out their ideas to their heart's content," he conceded, "but how long will this last?"

Nerves A Complete Wreck Sat Up Half The Night

Mr. John Rose, Bark Lake, Ont., writes—"I was troubled so much with my nerves I was a complete wreck."

I could not do my work, and would have to sit up half the night on account of not being able to sleep.

One day a friend recommended Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I used one box and got well in ten days. I had taken six boxes I was as good as cured."

At all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

THE POPULAR PLAY.

— + + —

The Play and Dance given by the Stony Plain Women's Institute on Friday evening, Dec 4th, in Moose Hall proved to be a great success.

The hall was much too small for "Too Many Wives," some 75 people being turned away, and many took "standing room only."

The play began promptly at the hour advertised and proved snappy and humorous—not a dull moment during the entire three acts.

The pretty lady known as Mabel was taken by Mrs R E Wood in her usual very capable manner. Nora, the doubtful lady, was splendidly presented by Mrs F W Yeats. Mrs W E H Lewis as Miss Fotheringay, the lady of the fog, and Mrs. R M Oatway as Mrs Ponting the Housekeeper, were clever in their respective roles.

Mr J McGillis, the sympathetic friend, known as Dick Desmond, had a difficult time helping to straighten the entanglement, but saw the humor in the situations arising and kept the audience laughing with him to the end of the play.

Mr G J Bray, our popular young barrister, as John Smith, spent a hectic two hours extricating himself from a tangle of wives, but managed to claim "his own" at the finish, in a very creditable manner. Mr Bryan's presentation of the character John Smith was most clever.

The handsome Col. (our own Mr McCulla) who had his arms full at one time, played up in his usual finished style. Mr Gannon as the Rev John Smith was well assembled, even to the clerical hat, and did his part as the short partner to the tall lady in excellent form.

Mr Barth as the detective Sergt. Duffell proved a real "detective" by running down his people, even having a van at the door to gather them in.

The "Critic" ventures the opinion that this play is the best ever presented here.

Barth's Orchestra, the best to be had, furnished the music for the dance and intermissions.

Following is the cast of the characters in the play :

The Rev. John Smith	Mr J P Gannon
John Smith	Mr George J. Bryan
Dick Desmond	Mr Jack McGillis
Col. Duncan Smith	Mr J W McCulla
Sergeant Duffell	Mr G Barth
Mabel	Mrs R E Wood
Nora	Mrs F W Yeats
Miss Fotheringay	Mrs W E H Lewis
Mrs Ponting	Mrs R M Oatway

-CURLING'S THE GAME!

— + + —

At the meeting last week of the members of the local Curling Club the following draw was made for the rinks to be playing in the big annual struggle :

FOR THE PRESIDENT—	FOR THE VICE PRESIDENT—
J W McCulla	W J Connolly
R E Wood	W E H Lewis
F W Yeats	Hy Miller
George Oppertshauser	R M Oatway
	O G Wudel

— The Personnel of the Rinks —

R E Wood	F W Yeats
A E Michael	Geo J Bryan
H Campbell	O Hoffman
C G Singer	J Schultz
Henry Miller	W J Connolly
Wm Robertson	R A Sherwin
I I Peters	Jas Elder
Wm Kelly	J J Schoepp
Geo Oppertshauser	J W McCulla
Max Kast	J P Gannon
E H Pidgion	Jas Malloch
R Breitkreutz	Art Mundt
O G Wudel	R M Oatway
L Zilliox	Hy Oppertshauser
J Willie	K A Ulmer
W Comisarow	L Kowensky
	W E H Lewis
	H Sinner
	John Reiser
	Jack McGillis

In view of the fact that there is, this season, an odd number of competing rinks, nine, it has been found necessary to have the ninth, Mr Wudel's, play against each of the rinks on either side.

WE WILL MAKE YOU A SPECIAL OFFER!

on your present car on a New Chevrolet Six. Call and See Us for further particulars.

The New Chevrolet Six is now breaking all sales records for 1931. A 6-Cylinder Car, 50-h.p. motor, large roomy bodies, on 180 inches of springs, hydraulic shock absorbers, Duco finish, 100-inch wheel base, 28 miles to the gallon, makes the New Chevrolet Six the most economical car to operate.

SOMMERFIELD & MAYER,

Agents for Chevrolet and Oldsmobile Cars.
Agents for British America Oil Co.
SERVICE GARAGE, Stony Plain.

THE SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

PHONES 21 & 58.

Buyers of Hogs, Cattle, and all Farmers' Produce, both Large and Small, Every Day in the Week.

PETER HENKEL, Proprietor.

MAIN ST., OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

E. H. PIDGEON,

AGENT FOR

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK AND PONTIAC CARS.

STONY PLAIN, : Alberta.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and Residence, 1st St. & W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL.B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Successor to the late F. W. Landy.
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Cnr. 93 St. & 1st Av. E. in station
PHONE 73174.

At Stony Plain on Fridays, all day

The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities).

Sale and Redemption of Impounded Animals (Sec. 48.)

Notice is hereby given under section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that I Sorrel Mare, aged, white face, 4 white feet, left eye gone, weight about 1000 lbs., no brand, was impounded in the pound kept by Scott Bell, located on the north-east 3, 52, 3, 5th, Duffell, Alberta, on Wednesday, A. D. 1931, and that the said animal was sold on the twenty-sixth day of November, 1931, to James M. Coates, Duffell, Alberta; and that the said animal may be redeemed by the owner or his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in the Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the Municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.

E. H. PIDGEON.
Sec.-Treas. of the Municipality of Inga No. 520.
Post Office, Stony Plain.

Make

The ANNOUNCER TEST

A simple test that will dramatically convince you of the amazing superiority of this

DE FOREST CROSLEY on the "Ballad"

Visit our store tonight—ask to hear the DeForest Crosley "Ballad"—tune in on your favorite radio program. Then make the Announcer Test and you will be amazed at the superiority of the DeForest Crosley "Ballad" over all other radios in its price class. You will marvel at its beautiful tone—its ability to sharply separate stations—and its sensational distance-getting powers.

The reason for this unequalled radio performance is because the "Ballad" incorporates such outstanding features as—Six Tube Super-Heterodyne Chassis—Autodyne First Detector—Pentode and Multi-Mu Tubes—Heterotonal Response—Full Size Electro Dynamic Speaker—in fact, every advanced feature that contributes to greater radio satisfaction.

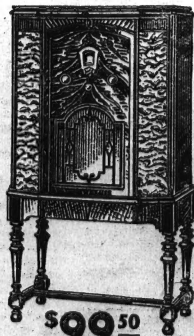
COME IN TONIGHT
—HEAR THE "BALLAD"—LEARN
HOW EASILY YOU MAY OWN IT

STONY PLAIN HARDWARE

PHONE NO. 19.



Raymond Knight,
the author of the
Cuckoo Hour and the
chief announcer of its
station KURU—heard on
the NBC network.



\$99.50

Complete With Tubes